



ANNUAL REPORT

2017

HUDSON

RESOURCES LIMITED

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Hudson Resources Limited

ACN 008 720 965
ABN 71 008 720 965

Registered and Corporate Office

Level 2
Hudson House
131 Macquarie Street
Sydney NSW 2000
Telephone: +61 2 9251 7177
Fax: +61 2 9251 7500
Website: www.hudsonresources.com

Auditors

K.S. Black & Co
Level 1
251 Elizabeth Street
Sydney NSW 2000
Telephone: +61 2 8839 3000

Lawyers

Piper Alderman
Level 23, Governor Macquarie Tower
1 Farrer Place
Sydney NSW 2000
Telephone: +61 2 9253 9999

Bankers

Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Limited
20 Martin Place
Sydney NSW 2000
Telephone: +61 2 9227 1818

National Australia Bank Limited
Level 20, Tower 1
520 Oxford Street, Bondi Junction

Directors

Vincent Tan
John Farey
Alan Beasley
Richard Yap
Benjamin Amzalak

Company Secretary

Mona Esapournoori

Share Registry

Hudson Asset Management Pty Limited
Level 2
Hudson House
131 Macquarie Street
Sydney NSW 2000
Telephone: +61 2 9251 7177

This financial report covers the consolidated entity consisting of Hudson Resources Limited and its controlled entities.

Hudson Resources Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

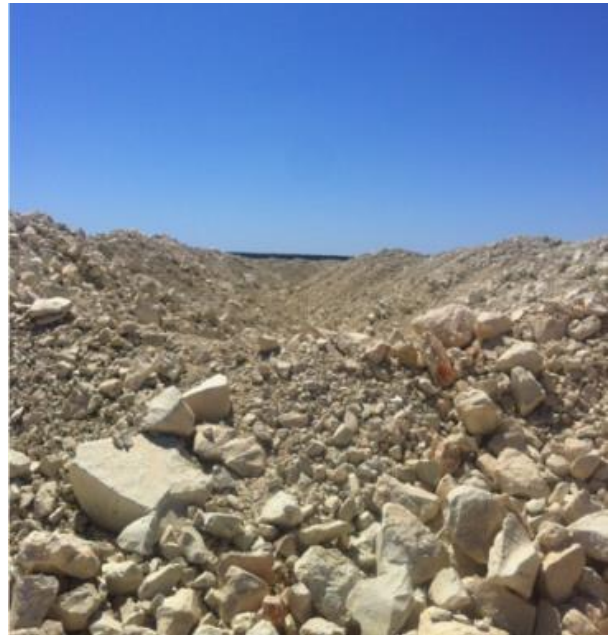
INDUSTRIAL MINERALS

During the year of 2017, Hudson Resources Limited sold 11,871 tonnes of raw ore.

During the year Hudson Resources Limited incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, Hudson Industrial Minerals Limited.

Attapulgitite

- Hudson Resources Limited commenced operations at the Lake Nerramayne Attapulgitite Mine near Geraldton WA in 1978. The Hudson Resources plant and mine are strategically located close to the Geraldton Port to enable significant movement of raw ore into Asia Pacific region.
- The mine is located at Australia's largest known deposit of Attapulgitite. The Attapulgitite is of premium quality with superior absorption and adsorption capabilities.
- Hudson Resources Limited conducted a mining campaign in 2017 and extracted 39,000 cubic meters of raw ore.



Lump raw ore windrow



2017 mining campaign

Diatomite

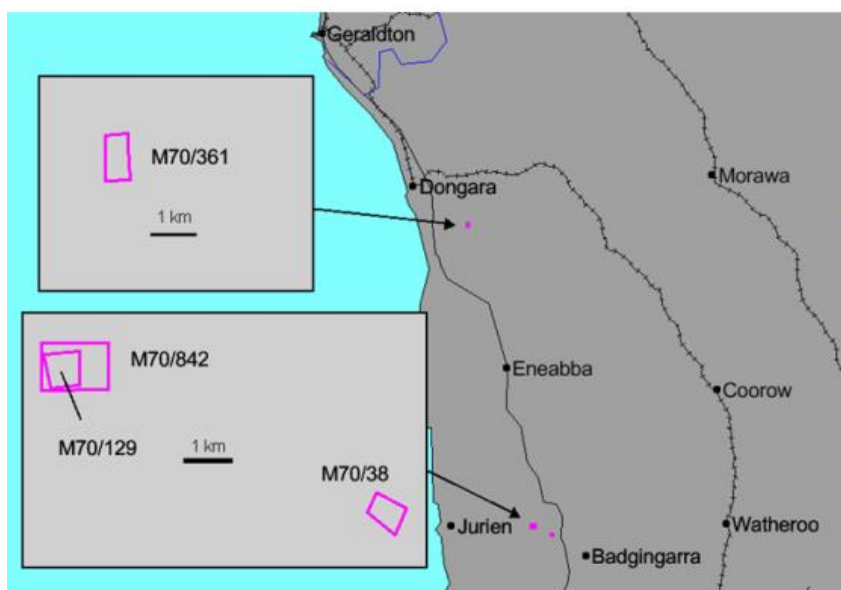
- Hudson holds 4 mining leases over diatomite deposits located between Perth & Geraldton WA.
- Current inferred resource 1.03Mt and increasing, including principal deposits are Badgingarra (Inferred resource 330,000t) and Dongara (inferred resource 500,000t).
- 20,000 tonnes above ground stockpile at Badgingarra, ready for shipment.
- Badgingarra Diatomite has been used in chemical free insecticide.
- Testing has demonstrated effective use as a slow release agent in fertilizer application.
- A research program is underway to test diatomite suitability in horticulture, agriculture, insecticide, stockfeed supplement and mine rehabilitation application.



Badgingarra Stockpile



Diatomite Raw Ore



4 Diatomite Mining Leases



OTHER INVESTMENTS**Land & Building Complexes**

Narngulu Geraldton WA which derives rental income from Hudson's industrial properties, comprising 14.5 hectares in area, at Geraldton Western Australia is A\$426,000 p.a. The properties include industrial complexes consisting of industrial and packaging sheds, warehouses and office facilities. The properties have a combined value of A\$3.9 million at the end of December this year.

Plant & Equipment

In the 1990's, Hudson purchased new plant and equipment for a diatomite processing and filtration plant. The key item is an unused rotary kiln (25,000 tpa processing capacity).

Commercial Property Holdings - Carpark

A 36% unitholding in the Hudson Property Trust, which owns the carpark located at Hudson House 131 Macquarie Street Sydney NSW.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors present their report together with the financial statements of the parent entity and the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the **Group**) consisting of Hudson Resources Limited (the **Company**) and the entities it controlled for the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal activities The principal activities of the Group during the course of the financial year were as follows:

- The mining and sale of attapulgitite;
- Investment in industrial property in Geraldton, WA;
- Exploration and development of attapulgitite mining lease; and
- Investment in carpark business

Consolidated results The net consolidated profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017 was \$5.88 million compared to a profit of \$4.00 million for the previous corresponding period.

Total Shareholders' funds as at 31 December 2017 are \$15.71 million. (2016: \$9.8 million)

Additional information on the operations of the Group is disclosed in the Review of Operations section of this report.

Review of operations and operating results Information on the operations and financial position of the Group and its business strategies and prospects is set out in the review of operations on pages 4 to 6 of this Annual Report.

Dividends The Directors of the Company do not recommend that any amount be paid by way of dividend. The Company has not paid or declared any amount by way of dividend since the commencement of the financial year.

Directors The following persons held office as Directors of Hudson Resources Limited since the start of the financial year, to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated.

Vincent Tan	Executive Director
Richard Yap	Non-Executive Director
Benjamin Amzalak	Non-Executive Director
John Farey	Non-Executive Director (appointed 11 July 2017)
Alan Beasley	Non-Executive Director (appointed 6 November 2017)

Directors' interests The relevant interest of each Director in the share capital of the Company is shown in Note 32.

Meetings of Directors

Director	Directors Meetings	
	Attended	Held Whilst in Office
Vincent Tan	8	21
Richard Yap	21	21
Benjamin Amzalak	20	21
John Farey*	8	9
Alan Beasley*	1	3

*John Farey appointed 11 July 2017, Alan Beasley appointed 6 November 2017.

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENT**DIRECTORS****Vincent Tan****Executive Director - Appointed on 03 February 2015**

Experience and expertise	Vincent Tan is a chartered accountant and has over the past 35 years worked in a range of industries, including insurance, securities trading, finance and property. Mr Tan has held senior management positions in a number of public and non-government organisations and has broad experience in corporate structuring.
Other Current Directorships of Listed Companies	None
Former Directorships in the Last 3 Years of Listed Companies	None
Interests in Shares and Options	Nil directly held

John Farey, B.Com, FAIM, FAICD**Non-Executive Chairman - appointed on 11 July 2017**

Experience and Expertise	John W Farey has over 45 years' experience in financial services including merchant and investment banking.
Other Current Directorships of Listed Companies	Hudson Investment Group Limited (ASX: HGL) Raffles Capital Limited (ASX:RAF)
Former Directorships in the Last Three Years of Listed Companies	None
Interests in Shares and Options	Nil directly held

Alan Beasley, B.Ec, CPA, FGIA, FAICD**Non-Executive Director - appointed on 6 November 2017**

Experience and Expertise	Mr Beasley is a Non-Executive Director and former Director of a number of publicly listed and unlisted companies. Mr Beasley was educated at the University of New England (BEc) and Stanford Graduate Business School, USA.
Other Current Directorships of Listed Companies	AFT Corporation Ltd (ASX:AFT) Hudson Investment Group Limited (ASX: HGL) Esperance Minerals Limited (ASX:ESM) The Hydroponics Company Limited (ASX:THC) Raffles Capital Limited (ASX: RAF)
Former Directorships in the Last Three Years of Listed Companies	Admiralty Resources NL (ASX:ADY)
Interests in Shares and Options	Nil directly held

Richard Yap B Econ, MBA, CPA**Non-Executive Director - Appointed a Director on 1 August 2013**

Experience and Expertise	Mr Yap has over 20 years' experience in investment banking and corporate finance with qualifications of a Bachelor of Economics and a Master of Business Administration from Monash University. Mr Yap is also currently the Director of Business Development and Advisor to the Chairman of TA Enterprise Berhad, a company listed on the Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange.
Other Current Directorships of Listed Companies	None
Former Directorships in the Last 3 Years of Listed Companies	None
Interests in Shares and Options	1 million shares directly held

Benjamin Amzalak B. Com (Marketing & Finance)**Non-Executive Director - Appointed a Director on 13 June 2013**

Experience and Expertise	Mr Amzalak has an extensive background in capital raising, investor relations and broking communications. He has been engaged in capital management, raising in excess of \$250 million in new venture capital for mining and other public companies. He provides advisory services to public companies in many areas including Initial Public Offerings and Mergers and Acquisitions.
Other Current Directorships of Listed Companies	None
Former Directorships in the Last 3 Years of Listed Companies	Raffles Capital Limited (ASX: RAF)
Special Responsibilities	None
Interests in Shares and Options	Nil directly held

OFFICERS**Mona Esapournoori****Company Secretary – appointed 19 December 2017**

Experience and expertise	Mona Esapournoori holds a Bachelor of Law from University of Western Sydney. She is admitted as a solicitor with the Law Society of New South Wales.
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Francis Choy MCom MBA FCPA (HK) FCPA CA**Chief Financial Officer**

Experience and Expertise	Francis Choy has held a number of senior positions in corporate financial management roles throughout Australia and South East Asia. He has extensive experience in project finance, compliance, acquisition and investment appraisals. He has been involved in project financing, financial management of property development and telecommunication projects in South East Asia. He held senior financial roles for numerous public listed companies both in Hong Kong and Australia.
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Likely developments

Information on likely developments in the operations of the consolidated entity, known at the date of this report has been covered generally within the report. In the opinion of the Directors providing further information would prejudice the interests of the economic entity.

Risk Management

The Board is responsible for ensuring that risks, and also opportunities, are identified on a timely basis and that activities are aligned with the risks and opportunities identified by the Board.

The Company believes that it is crucial for all Board members to be a part of this process, and as such the Board has not established a separate risk management committee.

The Board has a number of mechanisms in place to ensure that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks identified by the Board. These include the following:

- Board approval of a strategic plan, which encompasses strategy statements designed to meet stakeholders' needs and manage business risk.
- Implementation of Board approved operating plans and budgets and Board monitoring of progress against these budgets.

Significant changes in state of affairs

Please refer to Review of Operation Section for detail.

Matters subsequent to balance date

At the date of this report there are no other matters or circumstances which have arisen since 31 December 2017 that have significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- the operations, in financial years subsequent to 31 December 2017, of the Group;
- the results of those operations; or
- the state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 31 December 2017, of the Group.

Environmental regulations

The Group is subject to significant environmental regulation in respect of its exploration activities as follows:

- The Company's operations in the State of Western Australia involve exploration activities. These operations are governed by the WA Environmental Legislation.
- The Company operates within the resources sector and conducts its business activities with respect for the environment while continuing to meet the expectations of the shareholders, employees and suppliers.

The Company aims to ensure that the highest standard of environmental care is achieved, and that it complies with all relevant environmental legislation. The Directors are mindful of the regulatory regime in relation to the impact of the Company's activities on the environment.

There have been no known breaches by the Company during the reporting period.

To the best of the directors' knowledge, the Group has adequate systems in place to ensure compliance with the requirements of all environmental legislation described above and are not aware of any breach of those requirements during the financial year and up to the date of the Directors' Report.

Share options granted to Directors and other Key Management Personnel

There were no options granted to Directors or other key management personnel of the Company during the financial year or during the period since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report.

No options were issued or expired during the same period.

Please refer to Note 32 for details.

Loans to Directors and other key management personnel

There were no other loans made to Directors or Other Key Management Personnel of the Company and the Group during the period commencing at the beginning of the financial year and up to the date of this report.

Shares under option

There are no unissued ordinary shares of Hudson Resources Limited under option at the date of this report.

Directors' and officers' indemnities and insurance

During the financial year the Company (as the controlling entity) paid an insurance premium, insuring the Company's Directors, (as named in this report), Company Secretary, Executive officers and employees against liabilities not prohibited from insurance by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

A confidentiality clause in the insurance contract prohibits disclosure of the amount of the premium and the nature of insured liabilities.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under Section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purposes of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in or on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under Section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Rounding of amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities & Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' Report. Amounts in the Directors' Report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar.

Auditor's independence declaration

The Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 13.

Non-audit services

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Group are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor K.S. Black & Co. for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below.

The Board of Directors has considered the position and, in accordance with advice received from the audit committee, is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out below, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor.
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for *Professional Accountants*.

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Amounts paid or payable to auditors for audit and review of the financial report for the entity or any entity in the Group		
Audit services	14,895	13,985
Review Services	-	-
Amounts paid or payable to auditors for non audit taxation services for the parent entity or any company in the Group for review and lodgement of the income tax return		
Taxation services	2,695	2,525
Amounts paid or payable for non audit advisory services for the Company.		
Advisory services	-	-
	17,590	16,510
Auditor		

K.S. Black & Co continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This Directors' Report, incorporating the Remuneration Report, is signed in accordance with a Resolution of the Board of Directors.



Vincent Tan
Director



John Farey
Director

Signed at Sydney
27 March 2018

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

Level 6
350 Kent Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000

75 Lyons Road
DRUMMOYNE NSW 2047

K.S. Black & Co.

ABN 48 117 620 556

20 Grose Street
North Parramatta NSW 2151

PO Box 2210
North Parramatta NSW 1750

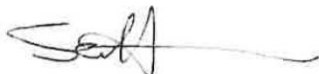
AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF HUDSON RESOURCES LIMITED

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 31 December 2017 there has been:

- a. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

The entities are in respect of Hudson Resources Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

KS Black & Co
Chartered Accountants



Scott Bennison
Partner

Dated in Sydney on this 21st day of March 2018

Phone 02 8839 3000
Fax 02 8839 3055



Liability limited by a
scheme approved
under Professional
Standards Legislation



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

		Consolidated 2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
	Notes		
Revenue from continuing operations	4	1,405	904
Cost of sales and providing services		(395)	(646)
Other income and expenses	5	6,219	5,053
Administration and exploration expenses	6	(1,201)	(1,066)
Finance costs	6	(139)	(240)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax expense		5,889	4,005
Income tax expense/(benefit)	7 (a)	-	-
Profit/(Loss) after tax		5,889	4,005
Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Tax expenses		-	-
Other comprehensive income after tax		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income		5,889	4,005
Non-Controlling Interest		-	-
Total Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to members of the Company		5,889	4,005
Earnings/(loss) per share		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	30	5.02	3.39
Diluted earnings per share	30	5.02	3.39

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Notes	Consolidated 2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	(39)	153
Trade and other receivables	9	527	1,069
Financial assets	12	5,351	100
Inventories	10	321	90
Other current assets	11	13	13
Total current assets		<u>6,173</u>	<u>1,425</u>
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables	9	-	828
Financial Assets	12	8,722	6,735
Mining tenements	13	-	-
Plant and equipment	14	-	1
Investment property	15	3,912	3,900
Land and property	16	1	1
		<u>12,635</u>	<u>11,465</u>
Total Assets		<u>18,808</u>	<u>12,890</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	17	136	107
Financial liabilities	19	-	-
Employee benefits provision	18	1	7
Total current liabilities		<u>137</u>	<u>114</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	17	-	-
Financial liabilities	19	2,700	2,700
Provisions	20	259	264
Total non-current liabilities		<u>2,959</u>	<u>2,964</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>3,096</u>	<u>3,078</u>
Net Assets		<u>15,712</u>	<u>9,812</u>
EQUITY			
Issued capital	21	26,880	26,880
Reserves	22	12,660	12,649
Accumulated losses		(23,828)	(29,717)
Total Equity		<u>15,712</u>	<u>9,812</u>

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Notes	Issued Capital \$'000	Reserves \$'000	Accumulated Losses \$'000	Total Equity \$'000
Consolidated					
At 1 January 2017	21	26,880	12,649	(29,717)	9,812
Profit/(Loss) for the year		-	-	5,889	5,889
Business combination		-	11	-	11
At 31 December 2017	21	26,880	12,660	(23,828)	15,712
At 1 January 2016	21	26,925	12,649	(33,722)	5,852
Profit/(Loss) for the year		-	-	4,005	4,005
Share Buy back		(45)	-	-	(45)
At 31 December 2016	21	26,880	12,649	(29,717)	9,812

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Notes	Consolidated	
		2017	2016
		\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		1,345	703
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,518)	(1,476)
Interest paid		(136)	(149)
Interest received		80	218
Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities	29	(229)	(704)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of shares		1,319	10,400
Proceeds from sale of equipment		-	500
Acquisition of investment		(1,357)	(8,819)
Payments for property and mining campaign		(322)	-
Repayment from/(advance to) other entity		397	(1,459)
Net cash provided by/(used in) from investing activities		37	622
Cash flows from financing activities			
Share Buy back		-	(45)
Proceed from bank borrowing		-	-
Proceeds/(repayment) from bank borrowing		-	(30)
Net cash (used in)/provided by from financing activities		-	(75)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(192)	(157)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		153	310
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	8	(39)	153

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The financial statements of Hudson Resources Limited (the **Company**) and its controlled entities (the **Group**) for the year ended 31 December 2017 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of Directors and covers Hudson Resources Limited as an individual entity as well as the consolidated entity consisting of Hudson Resources Limited and its subsidiaries as required by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Hudson Resources Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia whose shares were listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (**ASX**) to July 2014.

The financial statements are presented in Australian currency.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company is domiciled in Australia. The consolidated financial report of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 comprises the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the **consolidated entity**).

a. Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting interpretations, other authoritative pronouncement of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Statement of Compliance

Australian Accounting Standards (**AASBs**) include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (**AIFRS**). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report of Hudson Resources Limited complies with International Financial Reporting Standards, (**IFRS**).

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Details of critical accounting estimates and assumptions about the future made by management at reporting date are set out below:

Impairment of assets

The Company assess impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the entity that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

Critical judgements

Management have made the following judgements when applying the Group's accounting policies:

i. Measurement of financial assets

If there is an active market for financial assets they have been fairly valued in line with market prices, if not they are carried at a cost

ii. Capitalisation of exploration costs

During the year the Group and the parent entity made a judgement about the capitalisation of exploration costs.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

The Group follows the guidance of AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources when determining if exploration costs incurred can be capitalised. This determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, if any one of the following conditions is met:

- the exploration and evaluation expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale; and
- exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

If one of the above conditions is met then the Group has made the judgement to capitalise the associated exploration expenses.

Measurement of financial assets

If there is an active market for financial assets then the fair value should be in line with market prices and if not they have been carried at cost.

Recognition of deferred tax assets

In line with the Group's accounting policy (Note 2e) and as disclosed in Note 7, deferred tax assets have not been recognised.

Going Concern

This financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of business activities and the realisation of assets and payments of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The directors believe the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due and to fund near term anticipated activities.

Company considers its property and mineral segments are producing positive cash flow and income to meet its cash obligation.

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except where noted in these accounting policies.

ASIC CO 98/100

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100 issued by the Australian Securities & Investments Commission, relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the financial report. Amounts in the financial report have been rounded off in accordance with that class order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest dollar.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

b. Principles of consolidation

(i) *Subsidiaries*

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Hudson Resources Limited (the **parent entity**) as at 31 December 2017 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Hudson Resources Limited and its subsidiaries together are referred to in this financial report as the consolidated entity.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the consolidated entity has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the consolidated entity controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the consolidated entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the consolidated entity.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between consolidated entity companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the consolidated entity.

(ii) *Joint Ventures*

Interests in joint venture entities are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the proportionate consolidation method and are carried at cost by the parent entity. Under the proportionate consolidation method, the share of income and expenses of the jointly controlled entity is combined line by line with similar items in the consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and the share of assets and liabilities are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

(iii) *Business Combinations*

Business combinations occur where an acquirer obtains control over one or more businesses.

A business combination is accounted for by applying the acquisition method, unless it is a combination involving entities or businesses under common control. The business combination will be accounted for from the date that control is attained, whereby the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) assumed is recognised (subject to certain limited exemptions).

When measuring the consideration transferred in the business combination, any asset or liability resulting from a contingent arrangement is also included. Subsequent to initial recognition, contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is remeasured in each reporting period to fair value, recognising any change to fair value in profit or loss, unless the change in value can be identified as existing at acquisition date.

All transaction costs incurred in relation to business combinations are recognised as expenses in profit or loss when incurred.

The acquisition of a business may result in the recognition of goodwill or a gain from a bargain purchase.

(iv) *Goodwill*

Goodwill is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is calculated as the excess of the sum of:

- The consideration transferred;
- Any non-controlling interest; and
- The acquisition date fair value of any previously held equity interests over the acquisition date fair value of net assets acquired.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

The acquisition date fair value of the consideration transferred for a business combination plus the acquisition date fair value of any previously held equity holdings shall form the cost of the investment in the separate financial statements.

Fair value remeasurements in any pre-existing equity holdings are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Where changes in the value of such equity holdings had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income, such amounts are recycled to profit or loss.

The amount of goodwill recognised on acquisition of each subsidiary in which the Group holds less than a 100% interest will depend on the method adopted in measuring the non-controlling interest. The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisitions of subsidiaries by the Group.

Under the full goodwill method, the fair value of the non-controlling interests is determined using valuation techniques which make the maximum use of market information where available. Under this method, goodwill attributable to the non-controlling interests is recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisition of associates is included in investments in associates.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units, representing the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored not larger than an operating segment. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill related to the entity disposed of.

Changes in the ownership interests in a subsidiary are accounted for as equity transactions and do not affect the carrying amounts of goodwill.

c. Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those segments operating in other economic environments. Reporting to management by segments is on this basis.

d. Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and duties and taxes paid. Revenue is recognised for the major business activities as follows:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised (net of returns, discounts and allowances) when control of goods passes to the customer.

Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised as it accrues taking into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

Rental income

Rental income on investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the periods when they are earned.

Other income

Income from other sources is recognised when the fee in respect of other products or service provided is receivable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

e. Income tax

The income tax expenses or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

The Company and its wholly owned entities are part of a tax-consolidated group under Australian taxation law. Hudson Resources Limited is the head entity in the tax-consolidated group. Tax expense/income, deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences of the members of the tax-consolidated group are recognized in the separate financial statements of the members of the tax-consolidated group using the 'separate taxpayer within group' approach. Current tax liabilities and assets and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and tax credits of the members of the tax-consolidated group are recognized by the Company (as head entity in the tax-consolidated group).

The amounts receivable/payable under tax funding arrangements are due upon notification by the head entity, which is issued soon after the end of each financial year. Interim funding notices may also be issued by the head entity to its wholly owned subsidiaries in order for the head entity to be able to pay tax instalments. These amounts are recognised as current inter-company receivables or payables.

f. Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Cash Flow Statement on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are calculated net on operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued**g. Cash and cash equivalents**

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash on hand and in at call deposits with banks or financial institutions, investment in money market instruments maturing within less than 3 months, net of bank overdrafts.

h. Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at original invoice amounts and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts. Trade receivables are due for settlement no more than 60 days from the date of recognition.

Collectibility of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for doubtful receivables is established when there is objective evidence that entities in the consolidated entity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables.

i. Inventories

Raw materials and stores represent ore that has been extracted and is available for further processing. Where the future processing of the ore can be predicted with confidence because it exceeds the mines cut-off grade, it is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Quantities are assessed through survey.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

j. Financial instruments*Recognition and initial measurement*

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Finance instruments are subsequently measured at either of fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or cost. Fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- less principal repayments;
- plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method; and
- less any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability.

Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

The Group does not designate any interests in subsidiaries, associates or joint venture entities as being subject to the requirements of accounting standards specifically applicable to financial instruments.

(i) *Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

Financial assets are classified at 'fair value through profit or loss' when they are either held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.

(ii) *Loans and receivables*

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets, except for those which are not expected to mature within 12 months after reporting date. (All other loans and receivables are classified as non-current assets.)

(iii) *Held-to-maturity investments*

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the Group's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Held-to-maturity investments are included in non-current assets, except for those which are expected to mature within 12 months after reporting date. (All other investments are classified as current assets.)

If during the period the Group sold or reclassified more than an insignificant amount of the held-to-maturity investments before maturity, the entire held-to-maturity investments category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

(iv) *Available-for-sale financial assets*

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets, except for those which are expected to be disposed of within 12 months after reporting date. (All other financial assets are classified as current assets.)

(v) *Financial liabilities*

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

k. **Impairment of assets**

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units).

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

l. Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by entities in the consolidated entity is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Entities in the consolidated entity use a variety of methods and make assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used for long-term debt instruments held. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to entities in the consolidated entity for similar financial instruments.

m. Leases

Company as lessee

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the net asset are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Company as lessor

Lease income from operating leases is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating operating leases are added to the carrying value of the leased asset and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same bases as the lease income.

n. Tenement exploration, evaluation and development costs

Costs incurred in the exploration for, and evaluation of, tenements for suitable resources are carried forward as assets provided that one of the following conditions is met:

- the carrying values are expected to be justified through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- exploration activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of recoverable mineral resources, and active and significant operations in relation to the area are continuing.

Expenses failing to meet at least one of the aforementioned conditions are expensed as incurred.

Costs associated with the commercial development of resources are deferred to future periods, provided they are, beyond any reasonable doubt, expected to be recoverable. These costs are amortised from the commencement of commercial production of the product to which they relate on a straight-line basis over the period of the expected benefit.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

o. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method to allocate cost over their useful lives as follows:

- Building 30 years
- Plant and equipment 5 years

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the consolidated entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

p. Investment properties

Investment property, principally comprising of buildings and land at Geraldton, is held for long-term rental yields and is not occupied by the Group. Investment property is carried at fair value which is based on active market prices, adjusted if necessary, for any differences in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices in less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are reviewed annually by a member of the Australian Property Institute or the Directors of the Group. Changes in fair values are recorded in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as part of other income.

q. Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

r. Borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the period of the loans and borrowings using the effective interest method.

s. Employee benefits

(i) *Wages, salaries, and annual leave*

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

(ii) *Long service leave*

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

t. Provisions

Provisions relate to amounts due to the Mines Department in relation to restoration. These amounts are held in trust and utilised when restoration of a site is required.

u. Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly, attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

v. Capital profits reserve

The capital profits reserve represents the realised component of the asset revaluation reserve which remains undistributed to shareholders.

w. Options reserve

The options reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options issued to employees but not exercised.

x. Share-based payments

Ownership-based remuneration is provided to employees via the executive option plan and employee share plan. Information relating to the scheme is set out in Note 33.

Share-based compensation to Directors and employees is recognised as an expense in respect of the services received, measured on a fair value basis.

The fair value of the options at grant date is independently determined using a Black Sholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

The fair value of the options granted excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimate of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. The employee benefit expense recognised each period takes into account the most recent estimate.

Upon the exercise of options, the balance of the share-based payments reserve relating to those options is transferred to share capital.

y. Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated as net profit attributable to members, adjusted to exclude costs of servicing equity (other than dividends), divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

Diluted EPS is calculated as net profit attributable to members, adjusted for costs of servicing equity (other than dividends), the after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses; and other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares; divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

z. New Accounting Standards for Application

The AASB has issued new and amended accounting standards and interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The Group has decided against early adoption of these standards. We have reviewed these standards and interpretations and there are none having any material effect.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

a. General objectives, policies and processes

In common with all other businesses, the Group is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. This note describes the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented throughout these financial statements.

There have been no substantive changes in the Group's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks or the methods used to measure them from previous periods unless otherwise stated in this note.

The Board has overall responsibility for the determination of the Group's risk management objectives and policies and, whilst retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for designing and operating processes that ensure the effective implementation of the objectives and policies to the Group's finance function. The Group's risk management policies and objectives are therefore designed to minimise the potential impacts of these risks on the results of the Group where such impacts may be material. The Board receives reports from the Chief Financial Officer through which it reviews the effectiveness of the processes put in place and the appropriateness of the objectives and policies it sets. The Group's finance function is to also review the risk management policies and processes and report their findings to the Audit Committee.

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	(39)	153
Trade and other receivables	537	3,016
Financial assets	7,696	100
Non-Current		
Trade and other receivables	-	828
Financial assets	8,722	8,500
	16,916	12,597
Financial liabilities		
Current		
Trade and other payables	136	107
Financial liabilities	-	-
Non-Current		
Trade and other payables	-	-
Financial liabilities	2,700	2,700
	2,836	2,807

b. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the other party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge their obligation resulting in the Group incurring a financial loss. This usually occurs when debtors or counterparties to derivative contracts fail to settle their obligations owing to the Group.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets excluding the available for sale financial assets, as summarised under note (a) above.

For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties are accepted and each deposit account is kept to under \$1 million to ensure that it is covered by the Government's bank deposit guarantee scheme.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT continued

c. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may encounter difficulties raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments, i.e. borrowing repayments. Bank loans are detailed below. The funds were provided by bankers for the Group and the Parent Company. It is the policy of the Board of Directors that treasury reviews and maintains adequate committed credit facilities and the ability to close-out market positions.

Maturity analysis of financial assets

	Carrying Amount \$'000	Contractual Cash flows \$'000	< 6 mths \$'000	6- 12 mths \$'000	1-3 years \$'000	> 3 years \$'000
Consolidated						
2017						
Current						
Cash and cash equivalent	(39)	(39)	(39)	-	-	-
Trade and other receivables	537	537	437	100	-	-
Financial assets	7,696	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Current						
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets	8,722	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	16,916	498	398	100	-	-
2016						
Current						
Cash and cash equivalent	153	153	153	-	-	-
Trade and other receivables	3,016	3,016	93	2,923	-	-
Financial assets	100	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Current						
Other receivables	828	828	-	-	828	-
Financial assets	8,500	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	12,597	3,997	246	2,923	828	-

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT continued**Maturity analysis of financial liabilities**

	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash flows	< 6 mths	6- 12 mths	1-3 years	> 3 years
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Consolidated						
2017						
Current						
Trade and other payables	136	136	136	-	-	-
Financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Current						
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities	2,700	2,700	-	-	2,700	-
Total financial liabilities	2,836	2,836	136	-	2,700	-
2016						
Current						
Trade and other payables	107	107	107	-	-	-
Financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Current						
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities	2,700	2,700	-	-	-	2,700
Total financial liabilities	2,807	2,807	107	-	-	2,700

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT continued

Maturity analysis of financial liabilities continued

d. Market risk

Market risk arises from the use of interest bearing, tradeable and foreign currency financial instruments. It is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates (interest rate risk), foreign exchange rates (currency risk) or other market factors (other price risk).

(i) Interest rate risk

The Group does not apply hedge accounting. The Group is constantly monitoring its exposure to trends and fluctuations in interest rates in order to manage interest rate risk. For further details of exposure to interest rate risk refer Note 19 Financial Liabilities.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to reasonably possible changes in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit after tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings). There is no impact on the Group's equity.

	Carrying Amount \$'000	+1% Interest Rate \$'000	-1% Interest Rate \$'000
Consolidated 2017			
Borrowings	2,700	(27)	27
Tax charge of 27.5%		7	(7)
After tax increase/(decrease)	2700	(20)	20
2016			
Borrowings	2,700	(27)	27
Tax charge of 30%	-	8	(8)
After tax increase/(decrease)	2,700	(19)	19

The above analysis assumes all other variables remain constant.

(ii) Currency risk

The group has no exposure to currency risk as no transactions are conducted in foreign currency.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT continued

e. Capital risk management

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistently with others in the industry, the Group and the parent entity monitor capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total equity is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the balance sheet (including minority interest).

It is the Group's policy to maintain its gearing ratio within a healthy and manageable level. The Group's gearing ratio at the balance date is shown below:

Gearing ratios	Consolidated	
	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Total bank borrowings	(2,700)	(2,700)
Cash and cash equivalents	(39)	153
Net cash/(debt)	(2,739)	(2,547)
Total equity	15,712	9,812
Total Capital	18,451	12,359
Gearing Ratio	14.8%	20.6%

The Group's main activities include the mining and sale of attapulgitite mineral. Due to the nature of these activities, during the year the Group has primarily used the raising of capital to fund its activities. The borrowings within the Group mainly relate to the investment property used by a related party to process attapulgitite into finished goods.

4. REVENUE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	Consolidated	
	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Revenue		
Sale revenues	238	246
Rental income	429	426
Service income	520	-
Fee income	137	-
	1,324	672
Other Revenue		
Interest income	81	232
	1,405	904

5. OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES

	Consolidated	
	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Net gain/(loss) on disposal of investment	24	121
Net gain on disposal of equipment	-	500
Change in fair value of investment property	-	-
Change in fair value of financial asset Investment	4,278	2,735
Provision for doubtful debt write back	1,892	928
Other	25	769
	6,219	5,053

6. EXPENSES**a. Expenses**

Profit/(Loss) before income tax is arrived
after (charging)/crediting the following specific items:

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Administration and exploration expenses		
Director and employee salaries, benefit and on costs	(293)	(313)
Superannuation contribution expense	(9)	(6)
Consulting and professional fees	(276)	(205)
Legal fees paid	(11)	(41)
Others	(612)	(501)
Total administration and exploration expenses	<u>(1,201)</u>	<u>(1,066)</u>
Finance costs		
Interest on bank borrowing and finance charges	(136)	(228)
Depreciation	(1)	(10)
Others	(2)	(2)
Total Finance costs	<u>(139)</u>	<u>(240)</u>

b. Dividends

The Directors do not recommend a dividend relating to the year ended 31 December 2017 (2016: \$nil) to be paid.

7. INCOME TAX**a. Income tax expense**

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Current tax expenses	-	-
Deferred tax expenses	-	-
Total income tax expenses	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred tax expense		
Increase in deferred tax expenses/(benefit)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

b. Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable.

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Profit/(loss) before income tax expenses	<u>5,889</u>	<u>4,005</u>
Income tax expenses (benefit) calculated at 27.5% (2016:30%)	1,619	1,201
Tax losses not brought to account	85	457
Temporary differences not brought to account	(1,704)	(1,658)
Other		
Recoupment of prior year tax losses not previously brought to account	-	-
Income tax expenses/(benefit) at effective tax rate of 27.5% (2016: 30%)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

7. INCOME TAX continued**c. Unrecognised deferred tax assets and liabilities**

The unrecognised deferred tax assets of the Group includes \$13,539,847 (2016: \$13,232,081) in relation to carried forward tax losses and \$2,389,805 (2016: \$2,389,805) in relation to carried forward capital losses.

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Deferred tax assets and liabilities have not been recognised in the statement of financial position for the following items:		
Prior year unrecognised tax losses now ineligible due to change in tax consolidation group	-	-
Other deductible temporary differences and tax losses used	(6,197)	(5,527)
Deferred tax asset in respect of exploration activities not brought to account	-	-
Deferred tax liability in respect of exploration activities not recognised to the extent of unrecognised deferred tax asset	-	-
	<u>(6,197)</u>	<u>(5,527)</u>
Potential benefit/ (expense) at 27.5% (2016: 30%)	<u>(1,704)</u>	<u>(1,658)</u>

d. Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets comprise temporary differences attributable to:

Amounts recognised in profit and loss

Tax losses

Amounts recognised directly in equity

Share issue expenses

-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-

e. Deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax liabilities comprise temporary differences attributable to:

Amounts recognised directly in equity

Revaluations of land and buildings

Amounts recognised in profit and loss

Capitalised exploration costs

-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-

8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalent	(39)	(36)
Cash held in trust	-	189
	<u>(39)</u>	<u>153</u>
Weighted average interest rates	0.99%	1.97%

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Receivables - trade	5	26
Receivables - advance to other entities	432	2,889
Provision for doubtful debt	-	(1,892)
Receivables - GST	(10)	(55)
Tenement deposits and other deposit	100	101
	527	1,069
Non-Current		
Receivable - advance to other entities	-	828
Total	-	828

a. Impaired trade receivables and receivables past due

None of the current or non-current trade receivables are impaired or past due but not impaired.

b. Receivables – advance to other entities**Current**

Company transferred share investments to related entities \$nil million (2016: \$2.88 million). None were written off during the year. The unsecured recourse advance is non-interest bearing and have no fixed repayment term. Share investment has been transferred back to company during the year, balance \$nil million (2016: \$2.88 million).

Company advanced interest bearing non-secured loan to related entities, RafflesCo Limited of \$nil million (2016: \$0.073 million) and Raffles Equities Pty Ltd \$0.43 million. The secured recourse advance is interest bearing and has no fixed repayment term.

None were written off during the year. Please refer to Note 36 for details.

c. Receivables - GST

These amounts relating to receivables for GST paid

d. Interest rate risk

Information about the Group's and the parent entity's exposure to interest rate risk in relation to trade and other receivables is provided in Note 3.

e. Fair value and credit risk**Current trade and other receivables**

Due to the short term nature of these receivables their carrying amount is assumed to approximate their fair value.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of each class of receivables mentioned above.

Non-current trade and other receivables

The fair values and carrying values of non-current receivables are as follows:

	2017		2016	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value Amount	Carrying Amount	Fair Value Amount
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Consolidated				
Advance to other entities	-	-	828	755

Advances to other entities are interest bearing and unsecured.

Advances to controlled entities are interest free, and are repayable on demand. The fair value is approximately equivalent to the carrying value.

10. INVENTORIES

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Raw materials – ore at cost	321	90
	321	90

11. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Prepayments	13	13
Others	-	-
	13	13

12. FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Investment in marketable and equities shares (Note)	7,696	100
Provision for impairment	(2,345)	-
	5,351	100
Note		
Equity share investment in		
-Hudson Investment Group Ltd (ASX:HIGL)	978	-
-Hudson Pacific Group Ltd	4,322	-
-Other equity share investment	2,396	100
	7,696	100
Non-Current		
Investment in preference shares (Note b)	-	-
Investment in related entities (Note)	8,722	8,500
Provision for impairment	-	(1,765)
	8,722	6,735
Note		
Equity investment in		
-Hudson Pacific Group Limited	-	3,000
-Hudson Property Trust	8,722	5,500
	8,722	8,500

Note b: In December 2014, Company invested \$13.0 million in unsecured, perpetual, non-cumulative preference share of Hudson Pacific Group Limited. Hudson Pacific Group Limited redeemed all its remaining preference share, by transferring the investment portfolio to the Company in 2016.

13. MINING TENEMENTS

Consolidated
2017 2016
\$'000 \$'000

Mining tenements

- -

The recoverability of the carrying amount of evaluation and exploration assets is dependent upon successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively the sale of the respective areas of interest.

Tenement Schedule

Tenement No.	Location	Square Kms	Registered Owner/ Applicant/ Assignee	% Interest
M70/128	Lake Nerramyne	1.2	HRS/MHGPL - Attapulgitte	100%
M70/389	Lake Nerramyne	7.2	HRS/MHGPL - Attapulgitte	100%
M70/483	Lake Nerramyne	9.5	HRS/MHGPL - Attapulgitte	100%
M70/606	Lake Nerramyne	8.9	HRS/MHGPL - Attapulgitte	100%
M70/129	Badgingarra	0.5	HRS/HDEPL - Diatomite	100%
M70/361	Dongara	0.5	HRS/HDEPL - Diatomite	100%
M70/38	Drak	0.4	HRS/HDEPL - Diatomite	100%
M70/842	Badgingarra	0.8	HRS/HDEPL - Diatomite	100%
M70/275	Treeton	10.2	VasseCo Pty Ltd	100%
M70/276	Treeton	10.1	VasseCo Pty Ltd	100%
M70/393	Osmington	8.5	VasseCo Pty Ltd	100%
M70/394	Osmington	9.6	VasseCo Pty Ltd	100%
M70/395	Osmington	6.8	VasseCo Pty Ltd	100%
M70/504	Treeton	8.8	VasseCo Pty Ltd	100%

14. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Consolidated
2017 2016
\$'000 \$'000

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment – at cost

22 22

Less: Accumulated depreciation

(22) (21)

Carrying value

- 1

Leased assets

Leased assets - at cost

57 57

Less: Accumulated depreciation

(57) (57)

Carrying value

- -

Total Carrying value

- 1

14. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT continued**Reconciliations**

Reconciliations of the carrying amount of each class of leased asset, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the financial year are set out below.

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	1	22
Transfer	-	-
Depreciation	(1)	(21)
Carrying amount at end of year	-	1
Leased assets		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	-	57
Disposes	-	-
Depreciation	-	(57)
Carrying amount at end of year	-	-

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
At fair value (note b)	3,912	3,900

Reconciliation of the carrying amount of investment property at the beginning and end of the financial year is set out below.

At fair value		
Balance at beginning of year	3,900	3,900
Depreciation	-	-
Capital improvement	12	-
Balance at end of year	3,912	3,900

a. Amounts recognised in profit and loss for investment properties

The following amounts have been recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Rental Income	429	426

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY continued**b. Valuation Basis**

The basis of the valuation of investment properties is fair value being the amounts for which the properties could be exchanged between willing parties in an arm's length transaction, based on current prices in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition and subject to similar leases. The valuations were based on independent assessments made by a member of the Australian Property Institute.

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Investment properties at fair value		
Independent valuation	3,900	3,900
Capital works and improvements	12	-
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	-
	3,912	3,900

c. Non-current assets pledged as security

Refer to Note 19 for information on non-current assets pledged as security by the group.

16. LAND AND PROPERTY

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Land value	1	1
	1	1

Un-developed land Lot 1847 Pye Road, Dongara recorded at nominal value.

17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Unsecured		
Trade Payables	114	72
Other and accrued payables	22	35
	136	107
Non-Current		
Unsecured		
Payable – related entities	-	-
	-	-

The non-current related entity payables is interest bearing and have fixed terms of repayment.

The outstanding balance was settled during the reporting year. Please refer to Note 35 for details.

18. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PROVISION

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Employee leave entitlements	1	7

19. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Secured		
Lease liabilities	-	-
Bank loan	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Non-Current		
Secured		
Leased liabilities	-	-
Bank loan	2,700	2,700
	<u>2,700</u>	<u>2,700</u>

Security for borrowings

Bank loan is secured by first mortgages over the Group's investment property at Geraldton and fixed and floating charges over assets of the Group as specified below. The loans are repayable in year 2020 and the rate of interest paid is a fixed rate of 5.36% (2016: 5.36 %). The vehicle lease was fully settled in 2016.

The facilities are subject to an annual review and compliance of financial covenants.

Assets pledged as security

The carrying amounts of non-current assets pledged as security are:

Investment property	3,912	3,900
Plant and equipment	-	1
	<u>3,912</u>	<u>3,901</u>

Fair value

The fair value of borrowings is equal to the carrying amounts of the loans.

Risk exposure

Information about the Group's and parent entity's exposure to interest rate changes is provided in Note 3.

20. PROVISIONS

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Non-Current		
Employee leave entitlements	-	5
Restoration provision on tenements	259	259
	<u>259</u>	<u>264</u>

21. ISSUED CAPITAL

	Consolidated and Parent Entity		Consolidated and Parent Entity	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	Shares	Shares	\$'000	\$'000
Share capital				
Ordinary shares	117,269,679	117,269,679	26,880	26,880

a. Movements in ordinary share capital during the year:

	2017	2016	2017	2016
Details	Shares	Shares	\$'000	\$'000
Opening Balance	117,269,679	118,385,822	26,880	26,925
Share Buy back	-	(1,116,143)	-	(45)
Closing Balance	117,269,679	117,269,679	26,880	26,880

b. Terms and Conditions

Each ordinary share participates equally in the voting rights of the Parent Entity. Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Parent Entity in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

c. Options

There are no unissued ordinary shares of Hudson Resources Limited under option at the date of this report.

d. Performance Options

No options were granted and issued during the year.

22. RESERVES

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Reserves		
Capital profits reserve	12,265	12,254
Options reserve	395	395
	12,660	12,649
<i>Capital profits reserve</i>		
Balance at start of the year	12,254	12,254
Business combination movement	11	-
Balance at the end of the year	12,265	12,254
<i>Option Reserve</i>		
Balance at start of the year	395	395
Business combination movement	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	395	395

The capital profits reserve represents the changes in ownership of partly owned listed subsidiaries.

The options reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options issued to employees by one controlled entity.

23. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**Guarantees**

Cross guarantees by Hudson Resources Limited and its wholly owned controlled entities. No deficiency of assets exists in the consolidated entity as a whole. Refer to Note 27 for details.

There are no other material contingent liabilities as at the date of this report.

No material losses are anticipated in respect of any of the above contingent liabilities.

24. COMMITMENTS

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Exploration expenditure commitments		
Tenement exploration expenditure	4,297	10,347
Tenement lease payment	1,661	2,435
	5,958	12,782

The minimum exploration expenditure commitments and lease payment on the Group's exploration tenements totalling approximately \$5.95 million over the remaining term of the tenements.

Remuneration expenditure commitments

Salary and other remuneration commitments under long-term employment contracts existing at reporting date are not recognised as liabilities

Within one year	125	200
Later than one year but not later than 5 years	500	800
Later than 5 years	-	-
	625	1,000

Executive Service Agreement

There was one service agreement in place formalising the terms of remuneration of Mr Tan. The agreement has no specific term and may be terminated by either party upon reasonable notice. The Company may terminate the agreement in the event of serious misconduct by either party without any compensatory payment.

Corporate Service agreement

The Company has entered into a Corporate Service Agreement with Hudson Asset Management Pty Limited pursuant to which Hudson Asset Management Pty Limited has agreed to provide its management, registered office, administrative, accounting, compliance and secretarial services.

The term of the Corporate Services Agreement has no specific expiry term and the fee payable is that amount agreed between the parties from time to time. The terms of the Corporate Services Agreement provide that Hudson Asset Management Pty Limited shall act in accordance with the directions of the Board.

25. INVESTMENTS IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES

The consolidated financial statements incorporating the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 1(b).

Name of entity	Class of shares	Equity Holding		Country of incorporation
		2017	2016	
		%	%	
North Eastern Bauxite Pty Limited	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
Hudson Diatomaceous Earth Pty Limited	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
Hudson Minerals Limited	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
Mount Hector Gold Pty Ltd	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
VasseCo Pty Ltd	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
Ashford Coking Coal Pty Ltd	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
Hudson Industrial Minerals Limited	Ordinary	100	-	Australia

26. PARENT ENTITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION**a. Summary financial information**

The individual financial statements for the parent entity show the following aggregate amounts:

	Parent Entity	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Balance Sheet		
Current assets	3,809	1,474
Total assets	15,662	15,562
Current liabilities	129	113
Total liabilities	10,739	10,694
Shareholder's equity		
Issued Capital	26,880	26,880
Reserves	4,152	4,152
Accumulated losses	(26,109)	(26,164)
Profit and Loss		
Profit/(Loss) for the year	55	321
Total comprehensive Profit/(Loss)	55	321

b. Guarantees entered into by the parent entity

Hudson Resources Limited has provided guarantees to some of the subsidiaries within the Group. No liability was recognised by Hudson Resources Limited in relation to these guarantees as the likelihood of payment is not probable.

c. Contingent liabilities of the parent entity

Refer to note 23.

d. Contractual commitments by the parent entity for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

There are no contractual commitments by the parent entity for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

27. DEED OF CROSS GUARANTEE

As at 31 December 2017 Hudson Resources Limited, Hudson Minerals Pty Limited, Hudson Diatomaceous Earth Pty Limited, North Eastern Bauxite Pty Ltd, Vassco Pty Ltd, Ashford Coking Coal Pty Ltd, Hudson Industrial Minerals Limited and Mt Hector Gold Pty Ltd entered a Deed of Cross Guarantee under which each company guarantees the debts of the others.

By entering into the deed, the wholly-owned entities have been relieved from the requirement to prepare a financial report and Directors' report under Class Order 98/1418 (as amended by Class Order 98/2017) issued by the Australian Securities & Investments Commission.

The above companies represent a 'Closed Group' for the purposes of the Class Order. Set out below are the consolidated statements of financial performance for the year ended 31 December 2017 of the Closed Group.

	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue from continuing operations	1,405	904
Cost of sales	(395)	(646)
Gross profit	1,010	258
Other income and expenses	6,219	5,053
Administration expenses	(1,201)	(1,066)
Finance Costs	(139)	(240)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	5,889	4,005
Income Tax	-	-
Profit/(Loss) after tax	5,889	4,005
Summary of movements in consolidated accumulated losses		
Accumulated losses at the beginning of the financial year	(29,717)	(33,722)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	5,889	4,005
Accumulated losses at the end of the financial year	(23,828)	(29,717)

27. DEED OF CROSS GUARANTEE continued

Set out below is the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017 of the Closed Group.

	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	(39)	153
Trade and other receivables	527	1,069
Inventories	321	90
Other current assets	5,364	113
Total current assets	6,173	1,425
Non-current assets		
Trade and other receivables	-	828
Financial assets	8,722	6,735
Investment property	3,912	3,900
Property, plant and equipment	-	1
Land and Property	1	1
Total non-current assets	12,635	11,465
Total assets	18,808	12,890
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	136	107
Financial liabilities	-	-
Employee benefits	1	7
Total current liabilities	137	114
Non-current liabilities		
Other payables	-	-
Financial liabilities	2,700	2,700
Provisions	259	264
Total non-current liabilities	2,959	2,964
Total liabilities	3,096	3,078
Net assets	15,712	9,812
Equity		
Issued capital	26,880	26,880
Reserves	12,660	12,649
Accumulated losses	(23,828)	(29,717)
Total equity	15,712	9,812

28. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Consolidated entity primary reporting format is business segments and its secondary reporting format is geographical segments.

Business segments

The Consolidated entity is organised into the following divisions by product and service type.

Property investment & development

Development and administration of industrial property in Western Australia.

Investment services

Equity investment in listed entities.

Mining of minerals

Mining and distribution of attapulgite, (also known as Fuller's Earth) which is an industrial clay material used in the domestic and industrial absorbent, industrial oil refining, agricultural and horticultural industries.

Geographical segments

All business segments operate principally within Australia.

Accounting policies

Segment revenues and expenses are those directly attributable to the segments and include any joint revenue and expenses where a reasonable basis of allocation exists. Segment assets include all assets used by a segment and consist principally of cash, receivables, inventories, intangibles and property, plant and equipment, net of allowances and accumulated depreciation and amortisation. While most assets can be directly attributed to individual segments, the carrying amount of certain assets used jointly by two or more segments is allocated to segments on a reasonable basis. Segment liabilities consist principally of payables, employee benefits, accrued expenses, provisions and borrowings.

Inter-segment transfers

Segment revenues, expenses and results include transfers between segments. All other intersegment transfers are priced on an "arm's-length" basis and are eliminated on consolidation.

Primary reporting – business segments

	Property investment & development \$'000	Investment Services \$'000	Mineral, processing & exploration \$'000	Intersegment eliminations/ unallocated \$'000	Consolidated \$'000
2017					
Sales to external customers	429	738	238	-	1,405
Intersegment sales	-	-	-	-	-
Total sales revenue	429	738	238	-	1,405
Other revenue	-	6,194	25	-	6,219
Total segment revenue	429	6,932	263	-	7,624
Segment result					
Profit/(loss) before income tax	312	5,694	(117)	-	5,889
Income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-
Net profit/(loss)	312	5,694	(117)	-	5,889
Segment assets	16,758	28,326	60	(26,336)	18,808
Segment liabilities	5,223	10,740	29	(12,896)	3,096
Acquisition of non-current assets	-	1,357	322	-	1,679
Depreciation and amortisation expense	-	-	1	-	1
2016					
Sales to external customers	246	232	426	-	904
Intersegment sales	-	-	-	-	-
Total sales revenue	246	232	426	-	904
Other revenue	-	2,856	2,197	-	5,053
Total segment revenue	246	3,088	2,623	-	5,957
Segment result					
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense	237	3,447	321	-	4,005
Income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-
Net profit/(loss)	237	3,447	321	-	4,005
Segment assets	17,981	12,177	15,562	(32,830)	12,890
Segment liabilities	7,278	-	10,694	(14,894)	3,078
Acquisition of non-current assets	5,500	3,000	100	-	8,600
Depreciation and amortisation expense	10	-	-	-	10

29. CASH FLOW INFORMATION**a. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities**

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	5,889	4,005
Capitalised Exploration expenditure	-	-
Net gain on disposal of investment	(24)	(121)
Net gain on disposal of equipment	-	(500)
Depreciation and amortisation	1	10
Fair value adjustment and provision	(6,170)	(3,663)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in receivables and other operating assets	282	145
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(230)	131
Increase/(decrease) in trade, other creditors and other provisions	23	(711)
(Increase) in deferred assets	-	-
Increase in deferred liabilities	-	-
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(229)	(704)

b. Significant non-cash transactions

There were no other significant non-cash transactions during the reporting period.

30. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings/(loss) per share	5.02	3.39
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share	5.02	3.39
	2017	2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Profit/(loss) used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	5,889	4,005
	2017	2016
	Shares	Shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	117,269,679	118,199,798
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share:		
Options	-	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	117,269,679	118,199,798

31. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER REPORTING DATE

At the date of this report there are no other matters or circumstances which have arisen since 31 December 2017 that have significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- the operations, in financial years subsequent to 31 December 2017, of the consolidated entity;
- the results of those operations; or
- the state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 31 December 2017, of the consolidated entity.

32. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES**a. Directors**

The following persons were Directors of Hudson Resources Limited during the financial year unless otherwise stated:

Vincent Tan	Executive Director	
John Farey	Non-Executive Director	Appointed 11 July 2017
Alan Beasley	Non-Executive Director	Appointed 8 November 2017
Richard Yap	Non-Executive Director	
Benjamin Amzalak	Non-Executive Director	

b. Other Key Management Personnel

The following persons were other key management personnel of Hudson Resources Group during the financial year:

Mona Esapournoori	Company Secretary, appointed 19 December 2017
Gananatha Minithantri	Company Secretary, retired 19 December 2017
Luisa Tan	Consultant
Francis Choy	Chief Financial Officer
Michael Leu	Geologist

c. Compensation of Directors and Key Management Personnel

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Directors		
Short term employee benefits	281,400	256,800
Post employment benefits	-	-
Long term benefits	-	-
Termination benefits	-	-
Share based payments	-	-
	281,400	256,800
	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Other Key Management Personnel		
Short term employee benefits	112,500	22,000
Post employment benefits	-	-
Long term benefits	-	-
Termination benefits	-	-
Share based payments	-	-
	112,500	22,000

32. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES continued

	Short Term Employee Benefits		Post Employment Benefits	Long Term Benefits	Share Based Payment	Total
	Salary and other fees	Travelling Allowance	Super- annuation	Long Service Leave		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consolidated 2017						
Directors						
Vincent Tan	150,000	-	-	-	-	150,000
John Farey	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alan Beasley	-	-	-	-	-	-
Richard Yap	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000
Benjamin Amzalak	66,000	5,400	-	-	-	71,400
Directors - Total	276,000	5,400	-	-	-	281,400
Other KMP						
Gananatha Minithantri	-	-	-	-	-	-
Luisa Tan	112,500	-	-	-	-	112,500
Mona Esapournoori	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michael Leu	-	-	-	-	-	-
Francis Choy	-	-	-	-	-	-
KMP - Total	112,500	-	-	-	-	112,500
2016						
Directors						
Vincent Tan	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000
Richard Yap	10,000	-	-	-	-	10,000
Benjamin Amzalak	36,000	10,800	-	-	-	46,800
Directors - Total	246,000	10,800	-	-	-	256,800
Other KMP						
Gananatha Minithantri	-	-	-	-	-	-
Julian Rockett	-	-	-	-	-	-
Henry Kinstlinger	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michael Leu	22,000	-	-	-	-	22,000
Francis Choy	-	-	-	-	-	-
KMP - Total	22,000	-	-	-	-	22,000

The amounts reported represent the total remuneration paid by entities in the Hudson Resources Group in relation to managing the affairs of all the entities within the Group.

There is no performance conditions related to any of the above payments.

There is no other element of Directors and Executives remuneration.

32. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES continued**d. Employee Share Option Plan**

Refer to Note 33 for details

e. Shareholdings and Option Holdings of Key Management Personnel

Directors	Direct Interest	Indirect Interest	Options
Vincent Tan	-	65,810,307	-
John Farey	-	61,190,815	-
Alan Beasley	-	-	-
Richard Yap	1,000,000	-	-
Benjamin Amzalak	-	831,531	-

Shares held in Hudson Resources Limited-2017

Directors	Balance at the start of year	changes during the year	Balance at the end of year
Vincent Tan – Direct	-	-	-
Richard Yap	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Benjamin Amzalak – Indirect ²	831,531	-	831,531
Vincent Tan - Indirect ^{3,4}	831,531	64,978,776	65,810,307
John Farey ³	-	61,190,815	61,190,815
Alan Beasley	-	-	-

Shares held in Hudson Resources Limited-2016

Directors	Balance at the start of year	changes during the year	Balance at the end of year
Vincent Tan – Direct	15,000	(15,000)	-
Richard Yap	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Benjamin Amzalak – Indirect ³	-	831,531	831,531
Vincent Tan - Indirect ³	-	831,531	831,531

¹ Mr Yap retired as a director of Raffles Capital Limited.² Mr Amzalak has an indirect interest in 831,531 shares by virtue of his position as a director of Raffles Co Limited.³ Mr Tan and Mr Farey have an indirect interest in 61,190,815 shares by virtue of their positions as Directors of RafflesCo Limited, Hudson Imports Pty Ltd and Raffles Equities Pty Ltd.⁴ Mr Tan has an indirect interest in 4,619,492 shares by virtue of his position as a director of Pacific Portfolio Investments Pty Limited.**f. Loans to key management personnel**

Details of loans made to Key Management Personnel of Hudson Resources Limited are set out below:

(i) Aggregates for directors and key management personnel

Consolidated and Parent Entity	Balance at the start of the year	Advance/ (Repayments) /(Adjustment)	Interest payable for the year	Balance at the end of the year	Number in Group at end of year	Additional interest otherwise payable
2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -
2016	318,667	(334,310)	15,643	-	-	7,821

(ii) Details of directors and key management personnel with loans above \$100,000 during the year are set out below:

Consolidated and Parent Entity	Balance at the start of the year \$	Advance/ (Repayments)/ (Adjustment) \$	Interest payable for the year \$	Balance as at the end of the year \$	Highest indebtedness during the year \$	Additional interest otherwise payable* \$
2017						
Key management personnel						
Henry Kinstlinger (ESP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Francis Choy (ESP)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
2016						
Key management personnel						
Henry Kinstlinger (ESP)	49,026	(51,432)	2,406	-	51,432	1,203
Francis Choy (ESP)	269,641	(282,878)	13,237	-	282,878	6,618
Total	318,667	(334,310)	15,643	-	334,310	7,821

* Market interest rate 6.0% (2016: 6.0%). This represents the difference between interest charged at the market interest rate and interest paid.

Terms and conditions of loans

All non-recourse loans relate to the individuals participation in the Company's Executive Share Ownership Plan (ESP). Interest is payable upon termination. Loans are secured against the Employee Share Plan shares only. Non-recourse loans are repayable should employees leave the Company. Employees can repay the loan and keep the shares or if the employee decides not to repay the loan, the shares will be returned to Company. Fair value of ESP shares is not recorded in the books. None were written down during the year. All loans were settled during the year.

(iii) Details of individuals with loans above \$100,000 during the year are set out below:

There were no other loans made to Directors or Specified Executives of the Company and the Group during the period commencing at the beginning of the financial year and up to the date of this report.

33. SHARE OWNERSHIP PLANS

(a) Hudson Resources Limited executive share ownership plan

Senior Executives and Directors of Hudson Resources Limited and its controlled entities may participate in the Plan. Under the Plan, monies are advanced to the participants to enable them to purchase ordinary shares of Hudson Resources Limited on the market. The non-recourse loans to participants bear interest at 12% per annum and are repayable upon termination. The non-recourse loans advanced are secured by the Employee Share Plan shares held within the plan. Monies advanced under the plan during the year amounted to \$Nil (2016: \$Nil). The aggregate number of shares held under the plan by participants is nil shares (2016: nil shares). There are no limits to the amounts that might be advanced under the plan. At year end, the total loans outstanding (before interest) are \$Nil (2016: nil). Interest totalling \$nil was accrued on these loans, which was added to the loan on repayment.

(b) Options granted under executive share option plan

There were no options granted under Hudson Resources Limited executive share ownership plan during the year.

34. REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the year the following services were paid or payable to the auditor of the parent entity:

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Amounts paid or payable to auditors for audit and review of the financial report for the entity or any entity in the Group		
Audit services	14,895	13,985
Review Services	-	-
Amounts paid or payable to auditors for non audit taxation services for the parent entity or any company in the Group for review and lodgement of the income tax return		
Taxation services	2,695	2,525
Amounts paid or payable for non audit advisory services for the Company.		
Advisory services	-	-
	17,590	16,510

35. RELATED PARTIES**a. Parent entities**

The parent entity within the Group is Hudson Resources Limited (**HRL**).

b. Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are disclosed in note 25.

c. Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation information is disclosed in note 32.

d. Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties during the year:

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Sales of goods		
- sale minerals to Hudson Marketing Pty Ltd (HMPL)	237,422	247,275
Rental Income		
- rent received from Hudson Marketing Pty Ltd (HMPL)	210,678	208,850
- rent received from Hudson Corporate Pty Ltd (HCPL)	182,166	216,882
- rent received from Hudson Asset Management Pty Ltd (HAMPL)	36,614	-
Rental Expenses		
- rent payment to Hudson Marketing Pty Ltd (HMPL)	30,000	30,000
- rent payment to Hudson Corporate Pty Ltd (HCPL)	101,203	120,490
- rent payment to Hudson Asset Management Pty Ltd (HAMPL)	20,341	-
- car parking payment to Hudson Pacific Group Ltd (HPGL)	5,400	10,800
Corporate services fee paid		
- paid to Hudson Corporate Pty Ltd (HCPL)	340,000	528,840
- paid to Hudson Asset Management Pty Ltd (HAMPL)	68,000	-

Sale of goods*Consolidated group only*

HRL sold goods to Hudson Marketing Pty Limited (**HMPL**), a wholly owned subsidiary of RafflesCo Limited, earning income of \$237,422 (2016: \$247,275)

Rental Income*Consolidated group only*

Hudson Minerals Pty Limited received rental income from HMPL of 210,678 (2016: \$208,850)

Hudson Minerals Pty Limited received rental income from HCPL of \$182,166 (2016:\$216,882)

Hudson Minerals Pty Limited received rental income from HAMPL \$36,614 (2016:nil)

Rental expense*Consolidated and parent entity*

HRL paid a rental expense of \$30,000 (2016: \$30,000) to Hudson Marketing Pty Limited for industrial building usage.

HRL paid a rental expense of \$101,203 (2016: \$120,490) to Hudson Corporate Pty Ltd for equipment storage.

HRL paid a rental expense of \$20,341 (2016: \$nil) to Hudson Asset Management Pty Ltd for equipment storage.

HRL paid car park expenses of \$5,400 (2016: \$10,800) to Hudson Pacific Group Ltd.

Corporate services fee*Consolidated and Parent entity*

HRL paid a corporate services fee to Hudson Corporate Pty Limited (**HCPL**) of \$340,000 (2016: \$528,840) as payment of recoveries for office administration and running expenses incurred in HCPL on behalf of the group.

HRL paid a corporate services fee to Hudson Asset Management Pty Limited (**HAMPL**) of \$68,000 (2016: \$nil) as payment of recoveries for office administration and running expenses incurred in HCPL on behalf of the group.

e. Outstanding balances

	Consolidated	
	2017	2016
	\$ '000	\$ '000
Current receivable		
Receivable – HTH Nominees Pty Ltd	-	60
Receivable – Raffles Nominee Pty Ltd	-	2,829
	-	2,889
Non-current receivable		
Receivable – Raffles Equities Pty Ltd	422	-
Receivable – JT Capital	10	-
Receivable – Hudson Corporate Pty Limited	-	755
Receivable – RafflesCo Limited	-	73
	432	828
		-

Payable – related entities

Hudson Resources received \$Nil interest bearing loan from Hudson Corporate Pty Ltd under one loan funding agreement. The loan was settled during the year.

Receivable – related entities

An interest bearing secured loan of \$0.42 million (2016: nil million) was advanced to Raffles Equities Pty Ltd. The loan was secured by shares. None were written down during the year.

One non-interest bearing unsecured loan was advanced to Raffles Nominees Pty Ltd \$nil million (2016: \$2.82 million), the loan was settled during the year. None were written down during the year.

One non-interest bearing unsecured loan was advanced to HTH Nominees Pty Ltd \$nil million (2016: \$0.06 million), the loan was settled during the year.

An interest bearing secured loan of \$nil million (2016: 0.75 million) was advanced to Hudson Corporate Pty Limited. The loan was settled during the year. None were written down during the year.

An interest bearing secured loan of \$nil (2016: \$72,844) was advanced to RafflesCo Limited. The loan was settled during the year.

f. Guarantees

No guarantees were given or received from related parties during the year.

g. Terms and conditions

All transaction were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates, except that there are no fixed terms or repayment of loans between the parties and that no interest is charged on outstanding balances.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the company declare that:

1. The financial statements, comprising the statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows, statement of changes in equity, accompanying notes, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:
 - (a) comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the company and the consolidated entity.
2. In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
3. The directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A.

The entities identified in Note 27 are parties to the deed of cross guarantee under which each company guarantees the debts of the others. At the date of this declaration there are reasonable grounds to believe that the companies which are parties to this deed of cross guarantee will as a consolidated entity be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are, or may become, subject to, by virtue of the deed of cross guarantee described in Note 27.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the directors by:



Vincent Tan
Director

Sydney
27 March 2018



John Farey
Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Level 6
350 Kent Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000

75 Lyons Road
DRUMMOYNE NSW 2047

K.S. Black & Co.

ABN 48 117 620 558

20 Grose Street
North Parramatta NSW 2151

PO Box 2210
North Parramatta NSW 1750

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Hudson Resources Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Hudson Resources Limited (the company and its subsidiaries (the Group)), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, the consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and *the Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2017, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Phone 02 8839 3000
Fax 02 8839 3055



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under Professional
Standards Legislation



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT CONTINUED

Level 6
350 Kent Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000

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DRUMMOYNE NSW 2047

K.S. Black & Co.

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Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the presentation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our representation of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at The Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

KS Black & Co
Chartered Accountants


Scott Bennison

Partner

Dated: 29/3/18
Sydney

Phone 02 8839 3000
Fax 02 8839 3055



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Schedule of Tenements

	Licence No	Project	Status	Date Applied	Date Granted	Expiry Date	Area Sq kms
HRS/MHGPL - Attapulgit							
	M70/128	Lake Nerramyne	Granted	5-Dec-83	21-Jun-85	20-Jun-27	1.20
	M70/389	Lake Nerramyne	Granted	5-Feb-88	28-Jul-89	27-Jul-31	7.20
	M70/483	Lake Nerramyne	Granted	6-Jan-89	31-Jul-90	30-Jul-32	9.51
	M70/606	Lake Nerramyne	Granted	2-Feb-90	30-Jul-90	29-Jul-32	8.91
						Sub-total	26.83
HRS/HDEPL - Diatomite							
	M70/129	Badgingarra	Granted	9-Dec-83	18-Jul-85	17-Jul-27	0.46
	M70/842	Badgingarra	Granted	23-Feb-94	17-Nov-94	16-Nov-36	0.84
	M70/38	Drak	Granted	2-May-83	24-Feb-84	23-Feb-26	0.36
	M70/361	Dongara	Granted	3-Nov-87	19-Nov-90	18-Nov-32	0.50
						Sub-total	2.17
VasseCo Pty Ltd							
	M70/275	Treeton	Granted	30-Jun-86	18-Apr-89	17-Apr-31	1.09
	M70/276	Treeton	Granted	30-Jun-86	18-Apr-89	17-Apr-31	7.26
	M70/393	RTE	Granted	15-Mar-88	12-Oct-89	11-Oct-31	7.44
	M70/394	RTE	Granted	15-Mar-88	12-Oct-89	11-Oct-31	7.69
	M70/395	RTE	Granted	15-Mar-88	12-Oct-89	11-Oct-31	3.47
	M70/504	RTE	Granted	14-Mar-89	4-Jul-91	3-Jul-33	2.62
						Sub-total	29.58
						Total	58.58



ACN 008 720 965

Level 2, Hudson House
131 Macquarie Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000 Australia

www.hudsonresources.com